

## Αμερικανικό Κολλέγιο Ανατόλια

Δείγμα γραπτής δοκιμασίας για την εισαγωγή και την απονομή  
υποτροφιών στην 1<sup>η</sup> τάξη Γυμνασίου

27 March 2019

Αφού συμπληρώσετε τα στοιχεία σας  
κολλήστε εδώ το μαύρο αυτοκόλλητο

ΜΙΚΡΟ ΟΝΟΜΑ	
ΕΠΙΘΕΤΟ	
ΜΙΚΡΟ ΟΝΟΜΑ ΤΟΥ ΠΑΤΕΡΑ	

Μην συμπληρώσετε τίποτα σε αυτό το μέρος της σελίδας. Προορίζεται για χρήση από το προσωπικό του Ανατόλια που θα διορθώσει το γραπτό σας.

ΑΓΓΛΙΚΑ	
ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΑ	
ΜΑΘΗΜΑΤΙΚΑ	
ΣΥΝΟΛΟ	

ΚΕΝΗ ΣΕΛΙΔΑ

# I. ΑΓΓΛΙΚΑ

## ΜΑΡΤΙΟΣ 2019

### PART 1: LISTENING COMPREHENSION (10 POINTS)

Για τις ερωτήσεις 1-5 θα ακούσετε πέντε σύντομους διαλόγους. Θα ακούσετε μια ερώτηση για κάθε διάλογο μια φορά πριν ακούσετε τον διάλογο, και θα ακούσετε κάθε σύντομο διάλογο δύο φορές. Η ερώτηση είναι τυπωμένη και στο βιβλιαράκι του τεστ σας. Θα επιλέξετε μια από τις τρεις εικόνες/επιλογές — αυτή που νομίζετε ότι απαντάει καλύτερα στην ερώτηση για τον διάλογο. Σημειώστε την απάντησή σας μέσα στο βιβλιαράκι του τεστ σας.

#### Example

Jill: I'm going to the supermarket, museum and library today.

Susan: But the shops are closed today.

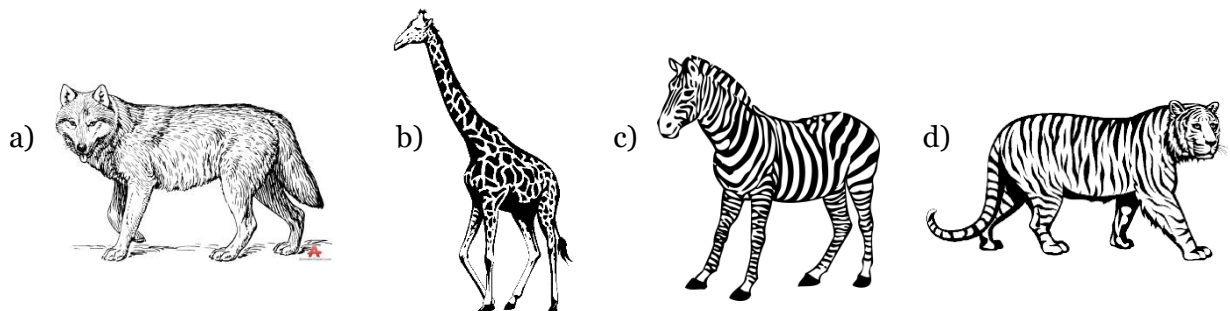
Question: Which place won't be open?



Η σωστή απάντηση είναι a)

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1. What is Serena's favorite animal?



2. **Why does Jim need to go shopping?**

- a) because he doesn't like video games
- b) because his mother wants him to go shopping
- c) because his shoes are too small
- d) because his shoes have holes in them



3. **When is George's birthday?**

- a) December
- b) February
- c) March
- d) January

4. **Why did Myrto's family stop doing the puzzle?**

- a) because it was too easy
- b) because they thought it was ugly
- c) because it was too hard
- d) because they got a new puzzle

5. **Why did Maria build a snowman?**

- a) because she was tired of watching movies
- b) because she wanted to get out of the house
- c) because she'd never done it before
- d) because there was a lot of snow



## PART 2: READING COMPREHENSION (20 POINTS)

Carefully read the three pieces and circle the best answer to each of the questions.



### FAVORITE SEASONS

In New England, autumn is many people's favorite season. The trees in New England turn beautiful colors in autumn: yellow, bright red, and orange. Sometimes it almost seems as though the trees turn a little bit purple, but that is probably a trick of the light. New England is hilly and has many forests, so the whole world seems full of bright and brilliant colors for weeks and weeks. It is truly beautiful, but then the leaves turn brown and fall off the trees, so in November, it can look very dull and unexciting. In November, it also starts to get cold, grey, and rainy, so the view doesn't look very nice for a while. It's muddy, grey and brown, and it gets dark early.

By December, the ground is usually covered with snow. In northern New England, it often snows a little every day, so the snow gets very deep. The snow makes the light bounce from the ground, so winter seems brighter than late autumn does, although the nights are very long. It usually snows from early December until the end of April, and sometimes even May, so winters are very long and cold. People in New England are used to snow though, and many of them do winter sports like skiing, sledding, or ice skating.

By May, spring arrives, and there are flowers everywhere. There are more farms than cities in New England, so early in spring, the farmers get the ground ready for planting. Many farmers grow sweet corn and apples, but they grow lots of vegetables, too. An unusual sound in the spring comes from the "peepers," which are frogs that sing at night as soon as the ice on the small lakes unfreezes. The frogs make quite a lot of noise, and as soon as you hear them, you know that spring has arrived.

Summer comes late to New England, and it seems very short. Surprisingly for a place that has such cold winters, New England can be very hot in the summers—as hot as it is in some places like Greece! It doesn't stay hot for very long though, so the water in lakes and rivers never gets very warm, and the ocean is very, very cold, almost too cold for swimming. Because New England is so far north, the days are very long in the summer.

New England is beautiful in every season, so it's a great vacation place all year long.

#### 1. Why does autumn look dull?

- a) because the leaves turn colors
- b) because it is cold then
- c) because the leaves are brown
- d) because it gets dark early

## 2. What are peepers?

- a) loud noises                      b) frogs                      c) songs                      d) unusual sounds

## 3. What is surprising about the weather in New England?

- a) that it is beautiful                      b) that spring comes late  
c) that November is dull looking                      d) that it is very hot in the summer

## 4. Which season seems short?

- a) summer                      b) winter                      c) spring                      d) autumn

# MAKING A KITE

Have you ever made your own kite? Lots of people buy kites these days, and before Clean Monday there were many kites for sale all around Thessaloniki. You can buy kites in all different shapes, sizes, and colors, but it's cheaper and more fun to make your own with things that are easy to find.

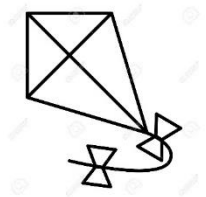


The first thing you need is something with which to make the frame (πλαίσιο) of the kite. You can use sticks or straws. Some people like to make it from a light wood called "balsa." If you want to make a kite with round sides, you can use materials used to make baskets.

You also need material to cover the frame. You can use newspaper, thin colored paper (λεπτό χρωματιστό χαρτί), or even plastic bags. You need string to fly the kite with, and string or ribbon for the tail of the kite in order to give it balance.

The first step in making the kite is to create the frame in the shape you want. The most basic and familiar kite shape is the diamond shape, so you put two sticks in a cross shape and tie or stick them together with string or sticky tape. Next, you cover the frame with paper or plastic. If you use newspaper, you can paint a design on the paper, or you can create a collage or a shape with different colors of thin paper. Next, you add string to one end of the kite in order to fly it. Most people buy kite string from a store, but you could use yarn (νήμα). Finally, you make the tail by sticking a long string on the opposite end of the kite. It's important to make the tail heavy enough so the kite will balance in the air, but don't make it too heavy or the kite won't fly.

It's easy to make a simple kite—and fun too. Try it sometime.



**5. Why do some people like to use “balsa” wood for their kite frames?**

- a) because it is cheap
- b) because it’s nice looking
- c) because it’s used to make baskets
- d) because it is not very heavy

**6. Why should you make your own kite?**

- a) because it’s fun
- b) because it’s easy to find the materials
- c) because it’s easy
- c) all of the above

**7. Which material would not be a good choice for covering the kite?**

- a) plastic bags
- b) newspaper
- c) wood
- d) light paper

## **CLIMBING A VOLCANO**



Every summer, Susan, a Spanish teacher from New Haven, Connecticut, took her students to work in a school near Leon, Nicaragua, and every summer they climbed a nearby volcano called Cerro Negro, which is an active volcano. Active volcanos can erupt (εκραγούν) at any time. The name Cerro Negro means “black hill” in Spanish, which describes the volcano very well. There are no trees or plants on Cerro Negro, and it is covered with black volcanic ash. (στάχτη)

The bus Susan and her students arrived in had to park at the park entrance, and from there, a guide took Susan and her students up the small mountain. Nothing grows on or near Cerro Negro, so it looks strange because the hill and the ground around it have no plants, but nearby there are hills that are completely covered in trees and short bushes. Nicaragua is a tropical rainforest (τροπικό δάσος), so it’s unusual to see an area that has no plants at all.

It took Susan and her students about two hours to climb Cerro Negro, and it was hot—about 30 degrees - and there was no shade. They climbed a steep (απότομο), hard dirt path on one side of Cerro Negro, and while they climbed, they saw little clouds of smoke that came from inside the volcano.

When the students arrived at the top of Cerro Negro, there was a lot to see. Because there are no trees blocking the view in any direction, there is a wonderful panoramic view of the countryside. There is also a big crater (κρατήρας) from the last eruption (έκρηξη) of the volcano in 1999. When the students touched the ground near the crater, they found out it was quite hot, and they saw smoke coming up from the ground inside the crater.

The best part of the journey was going down the volcano. On the back side of Cerro Negro, the black, volcanic sand is very deep—up to Susan’s and her students’ knees. Many people were using surf boards to “surf” down the mountain. Susan and her students ran down the mountain, but it was a funny kind of running because they had to lift their legs through all the sand to take each step. One student was running so fast that he fell and rolled a long way down the mountain because it was so steep. He slid almost to the bottom, but he wasn’t at all hurt because the sand was so soft. The students had a lot of fun going to Cerro Negro, so if you’re ever in Nicaragua, you should go!

**8. Why does Cerro Negro look different from the hills nearby?**

- a) because it isn't green
- b) because it is hot
- c) because it is steep
- d) because people like to surf on it

**9. Why was there no shade on Cerro Negro?**

- a) because the students weren't wearing hats.
- b) because it was daytime.
- c) because it was 30°
- d) there were no trees

**10. Why did the student fall down?**

- a) because he wanted to see what it was like
- b) because he was going too fast
- c) because the sand was soft
- d) because he didn't use a surf board



**Part 3: MULTIPLE CHOICE - KNOWLEDGE OF ENGLISH (30 POINTS)**

**1. I \_\_\_\_ volleyball all day yesterday.**

- a) have played
- b) have been playing
- c) used to play
- d) played



**2. Don't phone after 11.00. \_\_\_\_ asleep.**

- a) I am
- b) I'll be
- c) I have been
- d) I'd be

**3. When my father arrived at the airport, the airplane \_\_\_\_.**

- a) left already
- b) has already left
- c) had already left
- d) is already leaving



**4. Aren't those children friends \_\_\_\_?**

- a) of yours
- b) of you
- c) to yours
- d) to you

**5. Mr. Jones goes to work \_\_\_\_ car every day.**

- a) with a
- b) on
- c) by
- d) in

**6. His mother told him to study hard and \_\_\_\_ stop until he had learned the words by heart.**

- a) to
- b) shouldn't
- c) don't
- d) not to





7. \_\_\_\_\_ I reached home, I was very tired.

- a) While                      b) When                      c) After                      d) Until

8. It's Friday today, and it rained on Wednesday. So it rained \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) just two days                      b) for two days  
c) before two days                      d) the day before yesterday



9. I asked \_\_\_\_\_ the newspaper, but he had already bought it.

- a) him buy                      b) him to buy                      c) that he buys                      d) from him to buy

10. If it \_\_\_\_\_ next Saturday, will we have the game the day after?

- a) rains                      b) will rain                      c) rained                      d) raining

11. It's very hot in here. I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ my coat.

- a) put on                      b) put off                      c) take on                      d) take off

12. My teacher always \_\_\_\_\_ me a very high grade in English.

- a) gives                      b) writes                      c) puts                      d) earns



13. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ ride her bike.

- a) she won't let me                      b) won't let me to                      c) won't let me                      d) won't let to

14. This is Sophia, \_\_\_\_\_ is taking over my job when I leave.

- a) which                      b) what                      c) who                      d) whom

15. Although French \_\_\_\_\_ well at our school, few of us passed the exam.

- a) learned                      b) are taught                      c) has learned                      d) is taught



**PART: 4 LANGUAGE AND LOGIC (20 POINTS)**

**1. Which of these is the odd one out?**

- a) goat                      b) cow                      c) deer                      d) sheep

**2. Which word finishes the first and begins the second?**

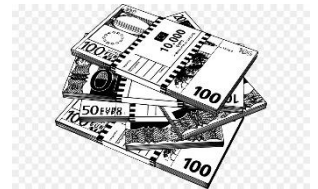
**Example: ch(air)plane = chair and airplane?**

bal (\_\_\_\_) ter

- a) let                      b) bet                      c) sam                      d) bit

**3. If we have 7 kinds of banknotes (5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, and 500 euro banknotes), how many kinds of euro coins do we have?**

- a) 5                      b) 6                      c) 7                      d) 8



**4. Which weighs more: a kilo of potatoes or a kilo of lettuce?**

- a) potatoes                      b) lettuce  
c) they weigh the same                      d) we don't know

**5. Cat is to bird as lion is to \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) tiger                      b) penguin                      c) bear                      d) antelope

**6. An anagram is a word in which the letters are mixed up:**

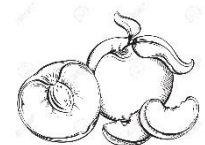
for example "onwam"= woman.

**Which of these is not a famous city?**

- a) sapir                      b) alads                      c) yenrkow                      d) ehatns

**7. Marco bought seven peaches from the market. He gave two to his sister, Maria, and wanted to give one each to two of his friends, Jim and Harry, but he could only find Jim, so he only gave away one. How many peaches did Marco have left?**

- a) 3                      b) 2                      c) 4                      d) 5



**8. Given the alphabet**

**A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z**

**If C is to X and F is to U what is K to?**

- a) P                                      b) R                                      c) O                                      d) Q

**9. Nefeli was born on July 21<sup>st</sup>, but her birthday is in the winter. How is this possible? She\_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) likes the winter better  
b) lives in New Zealand  
c) likes summer  
d) likes to have two birthdays

**10. Which of these words doesn't rhyme (δεν έχει ομοιοκαταληξία) with the others?**

- a) bear                                      b) chair                                      c) rare                                      d) fear

**PART 5: WRITTEN EXPRESSION (20 POINTS)**

Which do you prefer to do in your free time: a sport or an art (μουσική, χορός, ζωγραφική, κτλ.) Pick one and describe what you do in detail. Give at least two reasons for your choice.

Your text should be about 150 words long.

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